

RESEARCH NOTE

RETAIL TRADE ESTIMATE* INCREASED BY 0.5 PER CENT IN JANUARY 2021 AND BY 10.6 PER CENT YEAR-ON-YEAR

Thursday, March 4 2021 - The latest release (January 2021) of the monthly ABS Retail Trade data indicates that the overall month-on-month (m-o-m) estimate* increased by 0.5 per cent, up from a decrease of 4.1 per cent in December 2020. Retail Turnover increased by 10.6 per cent year-on-year (y-o-y), up from 9.6 per cent in the prior corresponding period (pcp).

* The ABS has temporarily suspended the publication trend data due to volatility.

STATE OF PLAY

The adjacent table summarises the key data in **seasonally adjusted** terms across the six ABS retail categories. The strongest growth was recorded for 'Food' retailing on a m-o-m basis (1.6 per cent). 'Household goods' retailing recorded the strongest growth on a y-o-y basis (19.6 per cent). In **seasonally adjusted** terms, Retail Turnover increased by 0.5 per cent in the month of January, up from -4.1 per cent in December 2020. On a y-o-y basis, Retail Turnover increased by 10.6 per cent, up from 9.6 per cent in the pcp.

TREND ANALYSIS: ONLINE RETAIL TURNOVER

According to the 'experimental estimates of online retail turnover' (explained [here](#)), online retail turnover increased by just 1.6 per cent on a m-o-m basis in January 2021, noting that this data is in original (non-seasonally adjusted) terms. It is worth noting that more than two-thirds of online retail is 'multi-channel' which would have most likely involved a physical store at some point during the purchasing process. In January 2021, Pure-play retailers made up 30.0% of online sales and just 2.7% of total sales. Online sales for multi-channel retailers made up 6.4% of total retail sales.

STATE BY STATE: BEST AND WORST

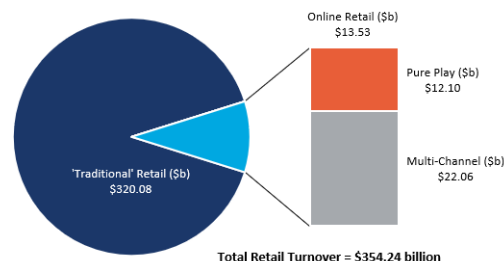
Retail turnover varies within the ABS defined six categories and across different jurisdictions. The adjacent map outlines and compares the total and growth of retail trade (y-o-y), and the best and worst retail growth categories. The strongest jurisdictions in **seasonally adjusted** terms were Western Australia (up 12.9 per cent to \$39.2 billion) followed by Queensland (up 11.0 per cent to \$74.0 billion) and the ACT (up 9.9 per cent to \$6.8 billion). Victoria (up 0.7 per cent to \$87.0 billion) was the worst performing jurisdiction following months of severe restrictions on retail trade, followed by Tasmania (up 4.7 per cent to \$5.5 billion). 'Household goods' retailing was the strongest performing category across five jurisdictions, whilst discretionary spending categories remain the worst performing across most of the country, notably 'Cafes, Restaurants & Takeaway Food' retailing which was negative across all jurisdictions with the exception of Western Australia.

| CATEGORIES | \$ billion | m-o-m | last 3 months | y-o-y |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Food retailing | \$12.66 | ↑ 1.6% | ↓ -0.4% | ↑ 10.9% |
| Household goods retailing | \$5.50 | ↑ 0.1% | ↑ 3.4% | ↑ 19.6% |
| Clothing, footwear and personal accessory retailing | \$2.33 | ↓ -3.6% | ↑ 10.7% | ↑ 7.8% |
| Department stores | \$1.65 | ↓ -0.4% | ↑ 5.6% | ↑ 7.8% |
| Other retailing | \$4.56 | ↑ 1.4% | ↑ 4.6% | ↑ 15.1% |
| Cafes, restaurants and takeaway food services | \$3.81 | ↓ -0.8% | ↑ 9.3% | ↓ -2.8% |
| Retail Turnover | \$30.51 | ↑ 0.5% | ↑ 3.2% | ↑ 10.6% |

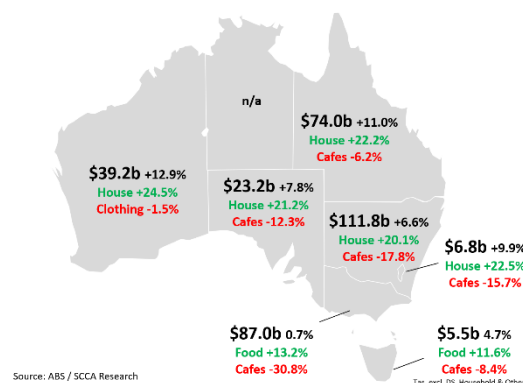
Source: ABS / SCCA Research

*Seasonally Adjusted

Australian Retail Turnover (original)
Online Retail Sales as a Portion of Total Retail Turnover



Source: ABS / SCCA Research



Source: ABS / SCCA Research

Tas. excl. Dis, Household & Other